Some Outspoken Statements of Graet Value from Parties of the Highest Standing.

When the people of America become so thoroughly aroused, and on a sub-ject of such serious importance as the preservation of their lives and health, it is but natural that the ones who have been largely instrumental in the origin of this movement should speak frankly and directly to the people most in-terested. It is for this reason that we thus come before the public and make the following revelations.

Every careful observer who has sought to keep pace with the march of events has noted the alarming increase of certain peculiar physicial troubles within the past few years. These troubles have come at unexpected moments and in a most treacherous way. They have manifested themselves in innumberable forms, but they have aiways had the same cause. They have not afflicted the minor parts of the body, but have gone direct to the strongholds of the system and their work has usually been as prompt as it is fatal. Their treacherous and deceptive nature has often prevented a careful analysis of what causes them, and, as a result, intense suffering and final disaster have usually ensued. The real cause however, has been a derange-ment of the kidneys and all of these derfully and continually. It is new conceded by the ablest physicians in every land and by eminent scientists the world over that this disease is the result of blood poisoning. This poisoning brought about by wasted and unhealthy kidneys that permit the poison to reman in the blood, instead of throwing it from the system. But it is equally evident to all who have studied into the effects and have been conversant the facts, that a disordered state of the kidneys and liver produces most of the common complaints and pains which afflict the human race, and they can be traced to this source just as certainly as can, Bright's disease. To purify a stream we must go to its source, and to cure a disease we must from us. We are justly gratified at the remove the cause. It being true, therefore, that nine-tenths of all human ailments are caused by diseased kidneys or liver, the only certain way to cure these troubles is by treating the organs which cause them. How intimately the kidneys are associated with the entire system may be understood from the fact that over 1,000 ounces of blood pass through them every hour, being more than 200 gallons, or nearly one ton in the course of twenty-hours. This vast mass of living fluid is sent to every part of the body, and if the kid-neys are diseased the impurities that are in the blood are not removed, and hence pass through the veins carrying disease in some one of its many terrible forms. The horrors which accompany most of the diseases caused by disordered kidneys and liver cannot be described in print, while the dangers surrounding them are even greater than the agony. And yet a person may be troubled for months without knowing the cause of the diseases that have attacked him. Some of the symptoms of the first stages, any one of which indicates disordered kidneys or liver are these: Plains in the back and around the loins, severe headaches, dizziness inflamed eyes, a coated tongue and a can be substituted for the other withdry mouth, loss of appetite, chilly out being aware of the fact. sensations, indigestion (the stomach skin, nervousness, nightsweats, mu cular debility, despondency, a tired

tion in passing, an unusual odor, a retention, or a frequent desire to void and inability to do so. The above are a few of the hundreds of symptoms which indicate the beginning of aggravated cases of kidney or liver difficulties, and they require instant attention. If these symptoms are not checked at once, they are almost certain to result in some one of the many terrible diseases of the kidneys. But unpleasant as all the symptoms and even these diseases may be, they are as nothing compared to the last stages of the complaints. The kidneys waste away by degrees, ac-companied by intense pains: the heart becomes uncontrollable; the lungs are oppressed; the eyebalis glassy, and the entire system is reduced and debilitated. For weeks before death comes the sufferer looks forward to it as a blessed relief, and anything that can furnish even temporary help is gladly hailed. Then it is that bloating begins; the face becomes puffy and pallid; the breath can only be caught in gasps, speech is impossible and muscular action suspended. The patient finally sinks into a state of unconsciousness to everything except the pains which are racking him, and death comes by certain but slow degrees There can be but one conclusion which all readers of care and judgment will draw from these facts, which is the necessity of treating the disease in time and by that means which has been proven the best and most effi

feeling especially at night, puffing or

bloating under the eyes, etc. If any

of the following things are noticed

about the fluids passed from the sys-tem, it shows that the kidneys and

liver are out of order: A red deposit,

a scum upon the surface, an unusual

thickness or thinness, a very dark or

a very light color, a burning sensa-

It has been our privilege to treat more cases and effect more cures of this terrible complaint than has ever been known before in the history of the world. The wonderful sale which our remedies have attained is due wholly to the fact that they have cured the ones who have used them. The power and value of any remedy must rest wholly on a basis of worth, and here is just where our Safe Kidney and Liver Cure has found its wonderful power and success. But in this connec tion comes one important fact: It has always been true that articles of merit are subject to imitations. No one

worthless bank. The productions of a cracked inventor or witless writer are never copied. It is just so with a heal ing remedy. If it possess no merit it will not be subjected to imitations. If, however, it has power and value, imitations will spring up on every side. While it is a tribute to the value of this medicine that it has imitations, still in justice to those who are suffer-ing, we feel that all should be warned against them.

There is but one known remedy that has ever been able to cure serious kidney troubles or control these great or-gans when once deranged, and that re-medy is Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. There are numerous nos-trums on the market claiming to be just as efficient and some which even claim to be the same. The test of merit, however, is in what has been accomplished, and we therefore say unnesitatingly that for all diseases of the kidneys, kidneys, liver, and urinary organs Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure stands alone, not only in point of ex-cellence, but in the wonderful results it has achieved. In order to successfully avoid the purchase of spurious and injurious medicines, observe these facts:

Our remedy is put up in dark amber glass bottles, with the Safe (our trade mark) blown in the back. A private proprietary six cent internal revenue stamp is affixed to the neck and covers the top of the cork and is of a light troubles are, in fact, the first symptoms of the terrible Bright's disease, which has cast its dark shadow over so many homes in the and and is increasing wonthe Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, or if | sect there is any evidence that it has been tampered with, and if a Safe is not blown on the back of the bottle, reject the bottle at once, and insist on having

genuine one. We are led to publish the foregoing in order that the public may know and realize just where we stand. We have always sought to keep our personality from obtruding upon the public, know-ing full well that the value of our remedy was the essential thing, but the unexampled use which has been made of this medicine, and the volumes of letters we are constantly refrom us. We are justly gratified at the confidence which has been shown us, and thankful for the myriads of cures our remedy has performed, and we pledge ourselves for the future as we have endeavored in the past, to furnish the best and only valuable remedy that can control and cure all the many and terrible troubles arising from disorders of these great organs.

Sincerely H. H. WARNER & CO., Rochester, N. Y.

What is Glucose?

Clucose is the sugar of the future. Oppose it as you will, it is daily increasing in importance and in the number of its uses. In climates where the sugarcane will not grow, and in countries where the sugar-beet can not be cultivated with profit there is a wide field tor glucose. Wherever corn, grain, or potatoes thrive, there glucose factories will flourish. Glucose differs as much from cane sugar as tallow from lard,

The manufacturers limit the term never is in order when the kidneys or liver are deranged), a dryness of t er solidifies nor crystalizes on long stander solidifies nor crystalizes en long stand ing. The same substance in a solid state is called "grape sugar," but there is no chemical difference between the two. The name "grape sugar," owes its origin to the fact that a kind of sugar found in the grapes and other sweet fruits has the same chemical composition as that made from starch by methods that we shall presently describe. This real grape sugar is often seen as an incrustation on raisins and figs. honey also contains grape sugar, and it was there it was first discovered by Lowitz in 1702.

Glucose can be made from any of the carbe-hydrates, starch, dextrine, cellulose, etc., but it is generally prepared from starch. In this country corn starch is used, while abroad potato starch is preferred because it is cheap-

The uses of glucose are very numerous although it is seldom sold to the public under its real name; but under the ideas of "golden honey," and even as Vermont maple syrup its sale is very extensive. It is largely employed by confectioners for making candies, by wine dealers for strengthening wine, by brewers to add body to their beer. Most of the sugars and table syrups contain glucose. Of seventeen samples tested by the Michigan Board of Health fifteen contained glucose.

Of twenty samples analyzed in Chicago, was unadulterated. Of the samples obtained from all the leading sugar dealers in Buffalo, only one was found pure.

We do not believe that pure glucose is an injurious substance when properly made, but to sell it under the name of cane sugar when it is one-third as sweet, is a fraud; and to charge the without injury. No injury has thus price of cane sugar when it costs but far resulted to the stock from feeding sweet, is a fraud; and to charge the three cents a pound to make it is a on infected pasturage, as the beetles swindle. That it pays to make it is evand larvae when partly grown fail to swindle. That it pays to make it is evident from the fact that there are more than twenty glucose factories in this country turning out one million pounds per day of grape sugar and glucose.— Prof. E. F. Hallock.

A pompous lawyer, who supposed himself to be very sarcastic, said to the keeper of an apple stand: "It seems to me that your should quit this trying business, and go at something which is not so wearing on the brain." "Oh, 'taint business," said the apple seller, "it's lyin' awake nights tryin' to decide whither to leave my fortune to a orphan tways been true that articles of merit with the subject to imitations. No one subject to imitations. No one seks to counterfeit the bills of a lawyers, as is killin me."

THE FARM. The New Clover Pest.

In all sections where clover, especially the red varieties, can be grown it is highly prized, not only assforage and hay crop, but for the valuable soilrenovating and enriching principles which it contains. Hence anything that affects in any manner the successful raising of this crop also directly affects the financial interest of a vast number of farmers. It is well known that we already have several insects that prey upon the clover plant, the most destructive of which is the clover root barer. The clover seed several or root borer. The clover seed weevil or midge comes next, with a few other enemies that do minor injury to the crop. There is still another one that destructiveness seems to vie with any of those previously known. Knowing that the examiner circulates extensively in clover-producing sections, I have prepared a short history of the discovery and operations of this insect.

About the first of May, of last year, in passing through a field of clover, I noticed that many of the leaves were badly eaten, and found the larva or worm of some insect present in vas numbers. However, I paid but little attention to the matter until the last of June, when I found the larva had changed into a bettle, and that, con trary to the habits of most beetles, they were also feed ing upon the clover leaves. I at once fowarded specimens to Pro-fessor C. V. Riley, at Washington, who pronounced it identical with the *Phytonomi Punctatus* of Europe, of a well-known but (in Europe) harmless in-

The first of August Professor Riley paid me a visit, and found the pest more destructive than he had supposed. But little, however, could be learnel concerningits havits whilein the bee tle state. Last week Professor E. A. Schwarz, Assistant Entomologist, came on from Washington, and spent two days in a thorough and critical study of the open field. He found that many of the last year's beetles were still alive. He also found there larva of the beetle literally by the millions, and in all stages of growth, from those just hatched and ne larger than a pin's nead up to those full grown and full half an inch in length. As many as thirty-two were counted feeding upon a single clover plant, and they were found to eat with apparent relish the leaves of the white, red and alsike clovers.

WHAT THEY LOOK LIKE.

The beetle is a dirty brown color, and would scarely be noticed. It is about one-third of an inch in length, has six legs, and is also provided with wings. but does not often fly. It is, however, a first walker. The beetle in the fall lays eggs of a golden yellow color, which are attached singly or in cluster of half a dozen or more to the inside of the old clover-stalks, about the exposed surface of the clover-plant, or upon sticks and rubbish of any kind. One of the specimens forwarded to Washington laid 181 eggs during the fall, and no doubt this number would be considerably increased in the open

In the spring after the clover has made some growth the eggs commence hatching, producing a larva of a pale green color, which immediately seeks and begins feeding upon the tender clover-leaves. The growth, while in this state, continues several weeks. When full grown, it is usually of a dark green color. It now is ready for transformation, and buries itself about half an inch in the earth and weaves about itaeif a wonderfully made shell, or ratheats its way through the cocoon, and comes forth a full fledged beetle, and like the larva, the beetle at once begins to feed upon the clover-plant. But instead of eating holes in the leaves, as the larva usually does, it begins at the margin and eats toward the centre, or up and down the edge of the leaf. While feeding it appears to be ever up-on the alert, and at the first sight of a moving object will fold its wings and tumble to the earth as if dead. It does not fail, however, to wake up and commence operations as soon as you are

ARE THEY DESTRUCTIVE?

Last year, in a field of seven acres, eesled with a mixture of clover and timothy, they completely desiroyed the clover upon one part of the field of about three acres in extent, while the remaining portions were badly injur-ed, as well as other clover-fields in the neighborhood and various parts of the town. This season the destruction is very great in the adjoining towns, and judging by the past it will this year and next be reported as appearing over a wide extent of country.

In Europe there is an ichneumon fly or parasite that feeds upon them, which no doubt keeps them under subjection, while the closet examination has failed to find any parasite in this country, and the authorities at Was ington say it would be a difficult matter to import them. After careful observation, I am led to believe that pasturing the infected fields with cattle and horses offers at present the one method of destruction, as the weight of the animals I find destroys an immense number of the cocoons, larvae and many of the beetles, although the latter will withstand quite a pressure the ground as the stock approaches. Poisoning would be simply impracticable, while pasturing with heavy stock will greatly reduce the numbers of the

POOR PENRECKER, HIS JOKE .-Why, my dear," said poor little Pen-hecker, with a ghastly smile, "why would the world without woman, lovely woman, be like a blank sheet of paper? Mrs, Penhecker, who had just been giving the little man "a piece of her mind, smiled, and "couldn't think." "Why, don't you see, love," said the long-suffering one, "it wouldn't even be ruled."

"Vod you can by der veek for dose rooms?" he said to the Seabright hotel keeper. "We get \$10 a day for one person and \$25 for two," said the boniface. "So!" exclaimed the applicant; "vell I doan dinks der seaside agrees mit my families, und I go by der mountains, anyhow."

Gave instantaneous relief. St. Jacobs Oil. Neuralgia. Prof. Tice.-St. Louis

The evil that men do lives after them. Cows likewise do not give elecmargaine until they are dead.

In the *Pimes*, of Philadelphia, we observe: Mr. John McGrath, 1236, Christian street, was cured by St. Jacobs Oil of severe rheumatism.

Stagnant and impure water which cows drink while at pasture is one of the most prominent causes of bad odors

To Consumptives.

Reader, can you believe that the creator afflicts one-third of mankind with a disease for which there is no remedy? Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" has cured lundreds of cases of consumption, and men are living to-day—health; robust men—whom physicians pronounced incurable, because one lung was almost gone. Send two stamps for Dr. Pierce's pamphlet on Consumption and Kindred Affections. Address World's Dispensional Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

HE DIED THE NEXT DAY.—"Who did the churning last week?" asked Farmer Fouro'clock. "I did." said Bill. "Then you do it again this week," said the old man; "one good churn deserves another." Covert expressions of joy by all of Bill's brothers and sisters.

Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" is the debilitated woman's best r-storative tonic.

A little girl, on being told that an older sister was only a half-sister, mournfully asked: "When will she be my whole sister?"

Young or middle-aged men suffering from nervous deblity, loss of memory, premiture old age, as the result of bad habits, should send three stamps for Part VII of Dime Series pamphiets. Address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

At a house where they do a great deal of fancy work and keep a white poodle, an inno-cent gentleman asked, "Who knit the dog?"

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As being a certain cure for the worst forms of dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, impurity of blood, torpid liver, disordered kidneys, etc., and as a medicine for endicating every species of humer, from an ordinary pimple to the worst ulcer, Burdock Blood Biffers stand unrivaled. Price \$1.00.

"The camel's kick," writes a naturalist, "is a tudy." It may be added the mule's kick is a

A Heavy Swell.

Jacob H. Bloomer, Virgille, N. Y., writes:
"I HOMAS' ECLEOTRIC OIL cured a badly swollen neck and sore throat in forty-eight hours.
My wife was also cured of a lame foot in twen-

A young lady of rather indolent habits re-ceptly remarked that she was going west to live, because out there the tornadoes did all the sweeping.

Incredible.

F. A. Scratch, druggist, Buthven, Out., writee: "I have the greatest confidence in your BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. In one case with which I am personally acquainted their success was almost incredible. One lady told me that half a bottle did her more good than bundreds of dollars' worth of medicine she had previously taken." Price \$1.00.

A secret is too little for one, enough for two and too much for three.

HOT WORK, HARD FIGHTING WITH QUICK RESULTS.

Last fall a party left New York City in high spirits for a pleasure tour through some of the western states. They had thrown aside the cares and responsibilities of business for a few selves and have a good time generally. "Begone dull care" was their motto, and they intended to act up to it. Everything went as pleasant as could be wished for a time, until one day, while camping out in Wisconsin, a spark from the camp fire set the tent in a blaze, and the conflagration was so sudden and unexpected, that the whole party came pretty near being oremated a la mode, but after great exertion the fire was finally put out with the loss of a considerable portion of their property. After all was over, one of the party, who was perhaps the most active in his exertions, discovered that his hands and wrists were severely burned, which he had not before discovered in the excitement of the moment. The pain was intense and be suffered reverely. One of the company had been troubled for some time with rheumatism, and by the recommendation of a friend had purchased a bottle before coming west, some of the contents of which were still left. It was speedily found and applied to the burned wrists and hands and the relief was instantaneous, for in a few minutes it soothed the pain effectually. That bottle contained Dr. Thomas Eclectric Oil, and now it is their stand by as a household remedy. It has no equal for alleviating pain.

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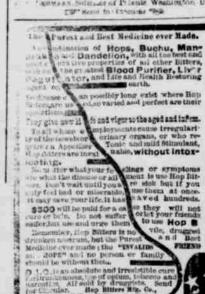
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